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# The Chinook Advance

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Vol VIII. No. 41

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, January 10, 1924

Subscription \$1.50 per year, in advance

Here's a handshake for the start of the New Year, and our hope that we will be able to look back on it together as the most pleasant and profitable we have ever experienced.

## Notice to Farmers

We are loading hogs on Tuesday, January 8th, and every alternate Tuesday from then on. We pay you Cash at one cent below Calgary price date of shipment. Parties having hogs to sell write or phone or bring them in on the Monday preceding date of shipment. Sheep and cattle also bought or shipped on consignment at 75 cts per hundred.

**The Chinook Trading Co.**  
Dealers in Meats and Groceries  
MONTGOMERY & HINDS

**Come Along Boys**  
AND EAT AT

**The Home Dining Rooms**  
It's the Coffee  
Meals at all Hours.

Victor Hale, Prop. Next door to Union Bank

## Hy-Grade Coal

We also have in Stock

## 12 inch Dry Wood

All orders for coal and wood promptly attended to.

Do not forget to place your orders for STORM-SAFE early.

We carry as usual a full Line of BUILDING MATERIAL

## Imperial Lumber Yards

R. W. HAMON, Agent for Chinook

**Dr. J. B. Valentine**

Physician and Surgeon

CHINOOK

**Dr. T. F. Holt,**

Dentist, of Oyen,

Will be at the Chinook Hotel

Every THURSDAY.

## White Fish

Just arrived a shipment of beautiful White Fish. Get your order in before they are all gone.

## Salmon and Trout

We expect a shipment of Salmon and Trout in early next week. If you would like a supply place your order early.

## Jap Oranges

The last shipment of Jap Oranges. These are selling at a \$1.00, and will be the last this season.

## Apples

Apples are advancing in price. Get your order in while our supply lasts at the old price.

## Acadia Produce Co.

Quality—Economy—Service

C. W. RIDEOUT  
CHINOOK

GEO. E. AITKEN  
ALTA

## Mrs. A. H. Clipham Recovering

Mrs. A. H. Clipham, who was operated on last Thursday in the Hanna hospital, is getting along very nicely. We all wish her a speedy recovery.

## Mixed Train Discontinued

The "Mixed" train running west-bound on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, and east-bound on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays is discontinued.

## Miss May Todd Seriously Ill

Miss May Todd, who was taken seriously ill last week and taken to the Holy Cross Hospital, Calgary on Friday was operated on thirty minutes after her arrival for appendicitis. The operation was most serious as the doctor discovered that there was an abscess on the appendix. However, friends will be pleased to learn that the Advance has received the good news from Mr. and Mrs. Todd that the operation was successful and their daughter is progressing as well as can be expected.

Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Lensegrat left last week for Spokane, Washington, where they will visit relatives.

## The Duty of Every Citizen

Have you done your part? Every individual in the Chinook District is responsible for the success or failure of the present scheme for medical attendance. Present indications are that it will be a success, and should this be the case it will be due to the efforts put forth by those who realize the importance to the community of this scheme. Those in straitened circumstances who have a family dependent on them should make a particular effort to get in on this scheme as it insures them against heavy financial loss in case of sickness. They should realize that this is the last chance to obtain medical attention at so small a cost. Once the list closes no opportunity will be given for others to enter the organization. Co-operate and protect your family, the family of your friends, and yourself. One life saved, one deed of mercy done, would repay you for your expenditure.

In your selling, in your purchasing, in politics, in every field co-operation is the slogan of the day. Organize, oh organize! We hear the words on every hand. Even as we organize for financial and other gains so we must organize to obtain medical attention at a price within the reach of all and actually at a lower cost to the community than we could get without co-operation. Therefore we appeal to every citizen to do his or her duty by becoming a member and supporting a scheme which will be a benefit to all.

## Annual Meeting Of Agricultural Society

### Election of Officers

The annual meeting of the Chinook Agricultural Society was held on Saturday last. Though the attendance was not up to what it has been in former years, the prospects look bright for a successful fair this fall. A motion was passed authorizing the secretary to pay the three Directors having the largest claim on the Society \$25 each. Mr. W. A. Todd was made first choice and Mr. Neil McLean second choice for delegate to fair convention. A vote of thanks was passed to the retiring officers. The request from the Northern Townsite Co., that the Society purchase the site of the fair grounds was left for later consideration. The financial statement showed that the box social netted \$127, and the Society had to its credit \$190 at the end of the year.

The following officers were elected:

Hon. President, E. E. Noble, President W. A. Todd, Vice-Pres. Neil McLean, and Vice-Pres., W. A. McLaughlin, Directors Messrs J. Young, F. Foster, A. H. Clipham, A. George, A. Warren, J. Montgomery, R. Stewart, Chas. Mills, J. Rennie R. W. Wright, I. W. Deman and McIntosh. Mesdames Stewart, Maris, Rennie Isbister and Todd, Secretary, J. B. Glover.

## CHINOOK CURLERS SELECT RINKS FOR THE SEASON

At a meeting of the Chinook Curling Club held last week the following rinks were formed for the season:

Rennie-skip, A. Switzer, R. Hammen, W. Haworth.  
J. S. Smith-skip, R. Vanhook, Dr. Valentine, H. Finske.  
O. Hinds-skip, C. Ray, E. Jacques.  
Farrow.  
W. A. Cruickshank-skip, A. Robinson, L. B. Peers, J. B. Glover.  
J. T. Kerr-skip, D. McKenzie, W. A. Hurley, C. E. Rideout.  
L. Robinson-skip, Rob't. Smith, L. Hamorth, C. J. Wardlaw.  
I. W. Deman-skip, C. Neff, K. Parks, J. Ray.  
W. Milligan-skip, W. Lee, T. McKillop, G. Cotton.

## Annual Meeting Of School Board

The annual meeting of the Chinook School Board will be held next Saturday afternoon and we would advocate that every ratepayer make it a point to be present and hear how the School Board stand financially and otherwise, after which it will be in order for everyone to get out and nominate trustees for this year's Board. It is not only a duty for every ratepayer to be present at the meeting but also to his or her interest that the position of the School Board be thoroughly understood before the nomination meeting.

## Radios and Radio Parts For Sale

Don't send away for your Radio Outlets. We have them right here, and furthermore we can demonstrate our machine and show you how to operate them. When you buy from us we guarantee every Outlit and see that they give satisfaction. Call and let us demonstrate one of our latest Outfits.

## Anti-Freeze

40 degrees of frost can't congeal this Anti-Freeze

## Service Garage

COOLEY BROTHERS

Now—a bargain for men!

70¢ value 49¢



Three famous articles—real comforts every man needs; Palmolive Shaving Cream, Palmolive Soap, and the new Palmolive After Shaving Tale—to give that well-groomed look without showing on your face. Today—all 3 for 49c. Regular price 70c.

## Chinook Pharmacy

E. E. Jacques, Druggist and Stationer

## Warm Clothes For Cold Weather

Mackinaw Coats, leather lined. Leather Vests, Sweaters good assortment, Felt Shoes, all felt, also leather soles. Moccasins, Wannigans, Felt Socks Rubbers and Overshoes. Winter Caps, Mitts, woollen and pullovers. Jersey Gloves very suitable for chores.

## WARM WOOLLEN WELL WEARING BLANKETS WHITE WOOL BLANKETS COMFORTERS

Full line of Men's, Women's And Children's Underwear.

## W. A. Hurley, Ltd.

# RED ROSE

For particular people—  
Has a sparkling clearness and a smooth richness, for all the chaff and dust is removed by our special process.

## Solving Canadian Problems

Entering a new year the people of Canada, while rejoicing in their great national heritage, may well give more intensive thought and study to national problems and their solution than ever before. Every young nation has elegant problems to meet, and by reason of Canada's geographical conditions the difficulties to contend against are immeasurably greater than would otherwise be the case. Nevertheless, Canadians are a virile, progressive people and undaunted in the face of all obstacles.

One problem requiring immediate and continuing attention is the reduction of debt. To debt reduction the Dominion, the Provinces, municipalities and individuals must give consideration. Before there can be debt reduction there must first be a stoppage to further debt increases. The average individual will be well advised if he refrains from going any deeper into debt during 1924 and strives with might and main to reduce present indebtedness as much and as rapidly as possible. Municipalities, the Provinces and the Dominion should all balance their budgets, not by imposing additional taxation, but through the adoption of very necessary economies. Certain capital expenditures will, of course, be necessary, but these should be restricted to revenue producing services and the encouragement of production of new wealth through the development of natural resources.

An example of what can and ought to be done is furnished by the present management of the Canadian National Railways. In 1921 the C.N.R. had an operating profit of only three million dollars which did not go very far towards meeting its interest charges. Last year the C.N.R. increased its operating surplus to \$18,000,000 or more, and while this did not meet interest charges in full, it did materially reduce the deficit to be met by the country at large.

How was it accomplished? By larger earnings through increased traffic and the development of productive services, but also through a very gratifying reduction in operating expenses resulting from good management, the elimination of waste, and sound economies. For example, gross earnings of the C.N.R. last November increased by \$659,575 over November, 1921, but operating expenses were decreased by almost two million dollars, resulting in a net operating surplus of \$1,581,318, an increase of 135 per cent. over the corresponding month of 1921. Sir Henry Thornton anticipates an operating surplus this year, if nothing untoward happens, of \$20,000,000 and he predicts that by the end of 1925 the C.N.R. will cease to be a burden on the Dominion treasury.

Another problem to be tackled by Canadians, individually and collectively, is to make Canada a more self-contained and self-supporting country. To solve not only our transportation problem, but other economic weaknesses, it should be the aim of Canadians to develop our own natural resources to a far greater extent and thereby create a larger internal trade. Alberta, for example, possesses 15 per cent. of the coal of the world, yet Canada annually imports hundreds of millions of dollars worth of coal. Ontario, north of the Great Lakes, has enormous reserves of iron ore, yet imports her requirements from the United States and Newfoundland. Canada's adverse balance of trade with the United States is not made up of manufactured goods, as some people would have us believe, but is made up of raw and semi-manufactured materials which Canada can and should produce for herself, providing employment for countless thousands of people and creating that increased volume of internal traffic upon which the ultimate and permanent success of our railways so largely depends.

Suppose Alberta coal was carried by the railways at actual cost to Ontario, or even at a loss, would not the final result be great gain for the railways? Largely increased production of Alberta coal would lower costs of production at the mines to the benefit of all consumers, would enormously increase employment, add to population, increased carrying of coal would tend to lower railway operating costs, hundreds of millions of dollars poured into Alberta instead of into the United States would bring an era of prosperity and development there which would mean increased business for Ontario and all Canada, and increased traffic for the railways. Ontario would get back every dollar she spent for Alberta coal but which is now lost to the State of Pennsylvania.

A more scientific development of Canada's natural resources and state-manlike vision in the development of internal trade within Canada would soon attract that larger population the Dominion so badly needs, and without huge expenditures on immigration. Canada is spending money on immigration and on trade commissions abroad to develop our export trade, and this is good business. But it would be equally good, indeed better business, to expend a few millions on developing trade within Canada in our own products, making the resources of one section of the Dominion available to other sections lacking such materials, and overcoming as far as humanly possible the obstacles which result from the geographical formation of Canada.

### Making Friends

Blessed is the man who has the gift of making friends; for it is one of God's best gifts. It involves many things, but above all the power of going out of one's own self and seeing and appreciating whatever is noble and loving in another man.

### Thoughts

We have reason to be more concerned with our thoughts about others than with their thoughts about us. Outside opinions of us, just or unjust, do not really make us other than we are, but to think uncharitably of those about us will poison our own nature.

How some people who are so widely different from us can be satisfied with themselves is past all human understanding.

Pocket gophers, living near Los Angeles, show no appreciable difference from the fossi gophers which lived in California 200,000 years ago.

## Used After Shaving

### Keeps Skin Soft and Smooth



Many men suffer from irritation of the skin as a result of shaving. With some it assumes a form of eczema and becomes most annoying and unsightly. By applying a little of Dr. Chase's Ointment after shaving the irritation is overcome and Barber's Itch and Eczema are prevented or relieved.

**DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT**

60 Cents a box, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto

### The Nation's Highway

#### Motor Car Proves to be a Great Method of Education

I doubt if the people in general realize the great importance of the motor car, or its contributions to human welfare. The motor car has raised the people and has given them a new outlook on life. It is very difficult to conceive any longer a shut-in population. The motor car affords an opportunity to travel about the country seeing cities and sections that probably would not otherwise have been seen had it not been for the advance of this industry. It is a great method of education. To experience its great fulfillment the motor industry must be provided with good roads. It is necessary also that reasonable rules and regulations be made and care taken that safety to the greatest possible extent may be preserved.—Cathie Colledge.

### His Flesh Horribly Burnt

His druggist sold him a cheap Acid corn remedy, instead of giving him good old reliable Williams' Corn Extract which has been for fifty years the Standard Remedy of corns and warts. "Painful" never fails. It is always a success. 25c everywhere. Refuse a substitute.

### Sodium Sulphate

Prospects Are Bright for Development of Deposits in Saskatchewan Progress and bright prospects in the development of sodium sulphate in Saskatchewan, is reported by the Bureau of Labor and Industries. Sodium sulphate recovered from Saskatchewan deposits is now being used in the manufacture of glass at Redcliffe, and its deposits so far have been investigated by the Federal Department of Mines. Other deposits not yet investigated by the department number close to ninety.

## IN THE SHADOW OF POOR HEALTH

In This Condition Relief Comes Through Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

When the shadow of poor health falls upon you, when more faded and life itself seems scarcely worth living, then is the time you should remember that thousands just as hopeless as you feel, have been restored to the sunshine of health through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The rich red blood which these pills actually make strengthens the whole system. The nerves are strengthened, headaches, dizzy spells, and once again there is joy in life. Among the thousands benefited by the use of this medicine is Mrs. J. S. Robinson, Oshawa, who says: "Some time ago I was in an anemic condition and so weak I would faint away at times. I had no appetite, could not do my housework; in fact I seemed scarcely worth living. I was exceedingly pale and tried doctor's medicine with no good result. Then one day I saw Dr. Williams' Pink Pills recommended for a similar condition and I got a supply. I continued taking the pills until I had used about a dozen boxes, and they have made me a well woman. I can now do a good day's work about the house, have no more fainting spells and can go about more actively than I did before. I believe these pills just the thing for weak girls and women, and if given a fair trial will do for them what they have done for me."

You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### Saskatchewan Crop

The value of Saskatchewan crop for 1923 is placed at \$276,841,650, according to a report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Of this amount wheat contributed \$189,465,200; oats, \$56,955,690; barley, \$7,820,500; rye, \$1,692,500; and flax, \$5,163,250.

### Phenomenal Yield

A late report of record-breaking crop returns comes from the Maidstone, Sask., district where Howlin Bros. sowed eight acres of oats for green feed. They threshed the crop, which yielded 125 bushels to the acre, and weighed 40 lbs. to the bushel.

### Condor Largest Flying Bird

The condor, weighing from twenty to twenty-five pounds, is the largest bird that flies.

No fire that you go out joy-riding on Sunday your neighbors and acquaintances, as well as your intimate friends, will send flowers.

When a girl is chummy with her mother she can get along pretty well without a chapman.

A volcanic eruption is caused by the huge masses of steam generated under the volcano.

The man with the narrow, wild, usually makes up for it in the length of his arguments.

Half a loaf's better than no bread but half the truth is often worse than a whole lie.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house  
W. N. U. 1565

### Advise Prudence

#### Reconstruction on a Large Scale in Japan is Opposed

In an article appearing in the many "ideal reconstruction plans" of Tokyo, Nichi Nichi, one of the leading newspapers of Japan, says it is opposed to the idea of undertaking reconstruction on a scale that is manifestly beyond the economic power of the country.

We are opposed to the foreign loan proposition," says the newspaper, "before all attempts have been made to procure the funds on the home market."

"Everybody desires perfection, but that presupposes the command of ample means or the ability to muster sufficient means to defray the enormous expenditures which the carrying out of the reconstruction programme should necessarily involve. If a huge programme not in due proportion with the economic resources of the country is undertaken, not only will it be found to end in failure while yet on the road to the final result; but will be calculated to shake the foundation of the national economy by endangering the basis of the gold reserve on which the currency system of this country rests."

"When we look to the violent oscillations of the German marks against pound sterling, we cannot help shuddering at the thought while hoping such will not be the case, that the same may chance to be the fate of the yen, unless the authorities move with the utmost prudence in the matter."

"If anybody thinks the stupendous enterprise we are entering upon can be executed without submitting ourselves to the strict observance of self-denial, he is indeed greatly in error. From now on we must concentrate all our efforts on the recovery from the heavy damages, not by the power of arms, but by a clever and well conceived economic policy to be pursued with a steady spirit and a determined will, not only on the part of the government, but upon the part of the entire populace."

### Speaks Well of This Country

Scottish Immigrant Says Prospects Excellent for Making Good in Canada

The Toronto Globe says that W. H. G. Roger, a recent Scottish immigrant to Canada, in a letter to the Edinburgh Scotsman, takes exception to the action of British harvesters who have returned to the old country with tales of hardship and suffering endured this year while in this Dominion. After pointing out that of 12,000 Britishers who came to Canada under the Canadian Government scheme only 500 to 1,000 have gone back, Mr. Rogers says in part: "These few have made noise and trouble out of proportion to their numbers that many must have been led to believe that they were telling the feelings of the harvesters in general. Few seem to give a thought to what has become of the still remaining 11,000, of which little or nothing is heard. The fact is that these men are so badly engaged working that they have no time for talking or writing. They have been sensible enough and plucky enough to take what they could get in the meantime, rough though it may be, and are confident that they have every prospect of making good in Canada in the future."

"Of course it is inadvisable for anyone to come out who is not prepared to rough it; and it must be understood that the situations offered do not by any means absorb him into the trades or professions for which they are fitted or trained, such placing being impossible, at this time of year, owing to the seasonal slackening of trade. However, if the work offered continues to be taken advantage of it is a certainty that these delirious of obtaining employment in their respective vocations will have ample opportunities and will be in a position to do so in the spring, when they can launch into whatever occupation they desire, and with every chance of success and every confidence that they will be satisfied."

### Vitamines

Are food substances which are necessary to keep the body in good health. The following are the most important foods which contain vitamins: Cabbage, beans, lettuce, spinach, apples, tomatoes, oatmeal, cornmeal, whole wheat, pure milk, eggs, oranges. Eat one or more of these foods at every meal, advises the Canadian National Safety League in a recent health bulletin.

### Youthful Immigrants

That 50,000 "teen age boys will be brought to Canada in 1924, is the expectation of Major M. J. O'Brien, representing the British Immigration and Colonization Association. He stated that after sufficient training, these boys could be given farms of their own, and the vast areas of Northern Ontario could be filled with desirable settlers.

# Zam-Buk

## ENDS PAIN.

EVERY MOTHER SHOULD KEEP A BOX ON HAND  
All Dealers 50¢ Box



### Natural Resources Bulletin

Liquid Condensate from Natural Gas Important Article of Commerce The Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa says:

When natural gas was first struck in Pennsylvania and Ohio, they were already two of the most populous and enterprising states in the Union. A very different condition exists in East Central and Northwest Alberta where already the flow of a large supply of gas is assured, but the field of usefulness limited.

The ideal way to utilize natural gas is for domestic heating, lighting and cooking, and as a fuel in the development of power, for manufacturing plants. But before this can be done there must exist both the population and the factories within a reasonable distance, say 100 miles, to consume sufficient gas and to pay a price high enough to warrant the operation of the field and the investment requisite to the laying of the pipe line.

If, however, there is nothing to be done at present in this direction, and the gas is to be utilized, the manufacture of commodities for which there is a continuous demand, such as gasoline and carbon-black, is the next best thing. Twenty years ago it was the common experience both in the Pittsburgh and the Ontario gas well districts that in the cold weather when a good flow of gas was required the presence of a liquid condensate that accumulated in the low places on the pipe line, interfered with the steady flow, and necessitated pumping out or draining at intervals. Nobody realized then that in a few years' time this liquid would become an important article of commerce, and would add millions of dollars to the income of the natural gas producers.

Since 1904 various processes for obtaining gasoline from natural gas have been in operation, the object being to extract it at the wells before entering the pipe line. Improvements have continually been made, and in a properly designed and carefully operated plant it is now possible to recover from 57 to 55 per cent. of the gasoline contained in the gas.

For Catarrh.—It is one of the chief recommendations of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil that it can be used internally with as much success as it can be used externally. Sufferers from catarrh will find that the Oil when used according to directions will give prompt relief. Many sufferers from this ailment have found relief in the Oil and have sent testimonials.

### Montreal Maintains Lead

Grain handled at the port of Montreal in 1922, totalled 120,612,333 bushels, the largest amount shipped through any port in North America, during the year. Montreal thus maintains, for the third successive year, her position as the leading grain exporting seaport on the continent.

Because of her habit of going barefooted in youth, the average Canadian girl has developed a more perfect foot than her sister of the city, according to Dr. J. Anna Norris, head of the department of physical education for women at the University of Minnesota.

Time has Tested It.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil has been on the market upwards of fifty years and in that time has proved a blessing to thousands. It is in high favor throughout Canada and its excellence has carried its fame beyond the seas. If it were double the price it would be a cheap liniment.

Ever notice that the people who are most eager to keep money in circulation are those who haven't any?

A man never kicks if his name is mis-spelled in the police records of a newspaper.

### Minard's Liniment Heals Cuts

The Cunard Company announces that the Corolla and the Carmania, which are to be transferred to the St. Lawrence route in April next, will be converted from coal to oil burners.

### To Make Railroad Crossings Safer

Use of Mirrors at Railroad Crossings To be Tried Out in Sweden

The use of mirrors at railroad crossings, a new expedient for the reduction of accidents, is being tried out by the Swedish State Railways. The first of such "warning mirrors" have just been installed at certain crossings for tests and approval by the general public. They are slightly convex in form and reflect the image of an approaching train which may be seen by drivers at a considerable distance down the road. They are particularly valuable at night because of the bright reflection of train lights.

## NO MORE WEAK AND DIZZY SPELLS

Since She Used

MILBURN'S

Heart and Nerve Pills

Miss Bertha Charrette, Regina, Sask., writes:—I have had a lot of trouble lately, with what I thought was heart trouble, and after an unusual exertion I always felt sick. My doctor advised a complete rest and change, but this I was unable to take.

I became interested in Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, so started taking them. I have now taken three boxes and am so much improved I can go about my daily work without feeling any after ill effects, and have not had any weak or dizzy spells for some time. Your medicine has done me more good than anything I have ever taken, and I will gladly recommend Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills to any woman who is weak and run down.

Price 50¢ per box at all dealers, or mailed direct, with full price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

### New Markets for Canadian Grains

Canadian Grain Shipped From Vancouver to South American Ports

New markets for Canadian grain continue to appear. A steamer will load at Vancouver shortly with 4,300 tons for Brazil, which it is expected will be the forerunner of a number to be sent to the South American country. Another steamer will load one thousand tons of grain for the west coast of South America. Recently Mexico made its first purchase in Vancouver of a small shipment of wheat.

### Grand Championship

Black Lorraine, owned by the University of Saskatchewan, was awarded the reserve grand championship for Percheron mares at the Toronto Royal Stock Show, held recently. The university also secured the reserve grand championship of the steer class with Linda Gray Lad, a pure-bred Hereford steer.

Dragged Down by Asthma. The man or woman who is continually subject to asthma is unfitted for his or her life's work. Strength departs and energy is taken away until life becomes a dreary existence. And yet this is needless. Dr. J. D. Rolfe's Asthma Remedy has brought a great change to an army of sufferers. It relieves the restricted air tubes and guards against future trouble. Try it.

The soil of Splitzbergen has been found to be frozen to a depth of 1,000 feet. In summer the surface thaws to a depth of about two feet.

Corn can be vatted more quickly by selection of seed than can any other food crop.

As lightning rods contain platinum they are subject to occasional rifting by thieves.

Soft corns are difficult to eradicate, but Holloway's Corn Remover will draw them out painlessly.

It is said that a fool and his money are soon parted, and yet lots of fools keep right on accumulating wealth.

The man who doesn't talk less is less repeating to do than the garrulous individual.

## CHILDREN CRY FOR "CASTORIA"

Especially Prepared for Infants and Children of All Ages

Mother! Fletcher's Castoria has been in use for over 30 years as a pleasant, harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrup. Contains no narcotics. Proven directions are on each package. Physicians every-  
where recommend it. The kind you have always bought bears signature of  
*Charles H. Fletcher*



## Plan To Secure Suitable Agricultural Employment For Immigrants From Overseas

The Minister of Immigration has decided to use the organization of the Soldier Settlement Board for the purpose of securing suitable agricultural employment for immigrants who arrive in this country in future.

On the instructions of the department, the board has now commenced a definite survey of all provinces, for the purpose of securing the names of farmers who are likely to desire farm help in the spring. These farmers will be invited to submit applications for farm help. The applications will be tabulated, the information thus obtained being furnished to the immigration authorities overseas in order that the flow of agricultural help may be regulated and directed to the districts in which it is required.

The board has also been given the duty of receiving and distributing this immigrant farm help on its arrival in the spring. In order that this may be done, advice will be forwarded from overseas of the names, destinations and dates of sailing of agricultural immigrants. These immigrants will be met on arrival by immigration officials and directed to the districts which are most suited to the immigrants' requirements and capabilities. On arrival in that district, they will be met by the board's officials and directed to the positions selected for them.

The work of securing positions has already been commenced by the Regina district office of the Soldier Settlement Board. The field staff of the board are now employed in securing the names of farmers who are expected to require farm help in the spring. These farmers, in addition to the farmers whose names are already on record, are being invited to forward applications for farm help to the local field supervisors of the board, who are stationed at various centres throughout the province.

In view of the heavy season which was given to similar work which was undertaken on behalf of British harvesters, it is anticipated that a large number of applications will be received. Any farmers wishing to secure experience or inexperienced farm laborers should make early application, in order that their requirements may be filled. It is the intention of the department to bring from overseas agricultural workers for every suitable opening which is listed in sufficient time for the necessary arrangements to be made.

### A Plain Companion

Princess Mary's Son Met a Prince of the Royal Blood

Ever since Princess Mary's son and heir came into the world last winter there has been much speculation as to whether he is a plain companion or a prince of the royal blood. But the speculation is ended, and Great Britain now knows the King's grandson is not a prince of the royal blood but simply the Hon. Henry Hubert Lascelles, or "Master Lascelles" for short.

This decisive information is conveyed by the 1921 Debrett, the unquestioned guide to the genealogy of royalty and the aristocracy of the kingdom.

The new issue says that a royal warrant declares young Lascelles from being a royal prince. The warrant asserts that none but children of the sons of sovereign and "the eldest living son of the Prince of Wales shall have and hold the style, title and attribute of royal prince, with the dignity of prince and peerages."

The warrant does not mention grand children of the King, who may be children of the monarch's daughters.

### A Broad Base

Another remarkable thing about the British Labor party has been its success in attracting to itself members from various walks of life. Its doors are open to "all who live by working" without regard to the character of the work, and even those who are in a position to live without working are not excluded. The great majority of the members of the party are manual-working wage-earners, but membership has never been restricted to these.—Woodstock Sentinel-Review.

An estate of \$120,000 was left by Wm. A. Pinkerton, noted private detective, who died recently in California, according to the will filed for probate.

Occasionally a woman cultivates the acquaintance of her next-door neighbor so that she can borrow things.

The first determination of the velocity of light was made by Roemer in 1676.

W. N. U. 1905

### Huge Butter Production

Danish Prince Makes a Big Success of His Dairy Farm

Prince Erik of Denmark, who passed through Winnipeg recently on a holiday trip to Ottawa and New York, interviewed by the Free Press, spoke most optimistically of his dairy farm at Finisland, Alta., and mentioned that 200,000 pounds of butter had been produced this season at his creamery. His establishment was operated on lines familiar in Denmark, a country which supplies large quantities of butter and eggs to the Old Country and other parts of Europe. Dairy farming came as a secondary industry in connection with his life on the ranch, he stated, which began nearly three years ago.

"Breeding of short-horn cattle was the first thing in which I became interested in the west," Prince Erik stated.

Prince Erik is a second cousin of the Prince of Wales, and resembles his royal relative, though he is somewhat taller than his fellow-Danish farmer.

### Antiquity of Yew Trees

Trees in England Said to be 2,000 Years Old

Mighty as may be the English oak, the yew is said to be the greatest longevity. The Yewhaun and Conthorpe oaks are both estimated to be 1,000 years old. However, yew trees are said to have been old when these oaks were saplings. It is said, for instance, that a yew at Battle, in Sussex, must have been a very old tree when William the Conqueror landed. It is close on 20 feet in girth. The yews at Norbury Park are said to be 2,000 years old, so that they were well grown when Julius Caesar landed in 55 B.C. The historian of Selborne believed that the famous yew in Selborne churchyard was at least as old as the church itself, which goes back to Saxon times, and there are many yews along the Pilgrims' Way between Winchester and Canterbury which, could they but speak, could describe the scenes which are subjects of Chaucer's poems.

### Conversations of the Great

Even Great People Sometimes Discuss Trivialities

What do the great talk about? In Mr. J. A. Spender's recently published life of Campbell-Bannerman there is a passage which sheds an amusing sidelight upon that oft-asked question. It was at a time when it seemed as though England might go to war with Russia. And so when Campbell-Bannerman was snipped talking to King Edward in the garden of Buckingham Palace the London newspapers all featured the picture under the interrogatory caption: "Peace or War?"

Next morning Campbell-Bannerman looked at the picture, smiled, and said to his private secretary: "Do you know what he was saying to me? He was asking me whether I thought halibut was better boiled than baked."—Ottawa Journal.

### May Appeal to Privy Council

Saskatchewan May Appeal Judgments on Blue Sky Law

An appeal to the privy council against the judgment of the supreme court of Canada, by which the provincial "blue sky" law is held to be invalid against a corporation chartered by the Dominion, is possible, Hon. J. A. Cross, attorney-general of the province, suggested.

He stated that the government could not decide whether it would carry the case further until a copy of the judgment showing the reasons on which it is based, was received from the supreme court at Ottawa.

It is estimated the coal production of Nova Scotia this year will reach at least 6,200,000 tons. As the total production last year was 4,612,195 tons, the increase this year will be more than 1,500,000 tons. The outlook for 1921 is encouraging.

About all you can say for a fine vocabulary is that it makes your friends blink occasionally as you talk.

All the world's a stage, but no one wants to play second fiddle in the orchestra.

Since 1901 the U.S. national death rate from tuberculosis has decreased 50 per cent.

An elephant cannot see an object outlined against the sky at more than thirty yards.

## Food Situation in Germany

Germany Has Made It Hard To Feed Her Own People

According to Secretary Hoover's agent in Germany three disturbing factors enter into the food situation in that country. One is the inability of the government or of private firms to finance the usual margin of food imports. Another is the breakdown of the currency which has interrupted the distribution of domestic food supplies. The third is unemployment, which has decreased the ability of large classes to buy food.

It is only the bare truth to say that all these troubles were inflicted upon the German people by their government. The German harvest this year was above the average. Nine and a half million tons of bread grains were produced, compared with seven million tons last year. The potato crop fell off from forty-one million tons to thirty millions and the sugar crop from 1,550,000 tons to 1,200,000. But Mr. Hoover's representative notes "a considerable use of potatoes for industrial purposes," which indicates that there is little real fear of a scarcity in that staple.

Germany always has been short of meats, fats and dairy products. She hopes to import, as usual, 700,000 tons of fats, vegetable oils and seeds and probably 50,000,000 bushels of grains. But these wants are normal and were inflicted long ago.

What did the German Government do to anticipate them? It has weakened the mark in order to finance the grotesque campaign of "passive resistance" in the Ruhr and the Rhineland. It has deliberately created "unemployment" by paying hundreds of thousands of able-bodied workmen not to work. It has driven the farmer into distress to sell his products to the city dwellers, because payment can be made in him only in worthless paper. The currency swindle and a year of voluntary avoidance of labor in the occupied territory have brought the German people to the point at which they think they may not be able to feed themselves, and at which they do not hesitate to ask the authorization of a foreign food loan by the Reparation Commission.

After antagonizing the commission for twelve months and accusing it of trying to starve the Reich, the German leaders now plead for help to save their people from the consequences of their own bad leadership and obduracy. It is a characteristic Teuton gesture.—New York Tribune.

### The Conspiracy of Noire

Numerous agencies in modern life seem to be in league against quiet. Outside on these evenings the rushing automobiles with the screeching sirens, the clanging trolley car, inside the music box emitting tune, the radio bringing the hum and roar of the air, with now and again a human voice in speech or song coming from afar. All are in conspiracy against quiet.—Athens Katerchevker Press.

### Fresh Water Pearl Fishery

A fresh water pearl fishery is one of the hitherto unexploited treasures of France, according to a communication made by M. Henneguy, to the Academy of Sciences. He reported a discovery in the course of France of fresh water mussels that produce pearls comparing favorably in color and brilliancy with the best efforts of the oyster.

## Gold and Cobalt

Major Portion of World's Cobalt Supply Comes from Ontario Mines

Revised statistics issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics show that the production of gold for 1922 attained the high total of 1,265,361 fine ounces, the highest figure reached since 1900 when the Yukon placers reached the peak of their production. The year's production was valued at \$26,116,650. Almost four-fifths of the total production, valued at \$20,678,862, was produced by Ontario mines and placers; British Columbia taking second place with nearly four-fifths of the remainder.

The major portion of the world's supply of cobalt for almost two decades has been derived from the silver-cobalt-nickel arsenides of the Cobalt district of Ontario. The year's cobalt production was 569,960 pounds which at the average New York quotation of \$2.25 per pound, were taken would be worth \$1,282,750. This estimate, however, has reference to the cobalt content of the ores mined and not to the output of metallic cobalt from Canadian smelters. Cobalt residues were exported for treatment which yielded 175,211 pounds of metallic cobalt but more than half the production was marketed in the form of oxide.

### Yield and Value of Potato Crop

Total Value of Canada's Potato Crop Estimated at \$62,662,000

The area planted in potatoes in Canada in 1922 is estimated at Ottawa as 559,912 acres compared with 685,594 acres in 1921, a decrease of 18 per cent. The yield per acre, however, more than counterbalances the falling off in acreage planted. This yield is placed at 1923; hundredweight per acre, against 8145 hundredweight last year, giving a total yield in 1922 of 11,066,700 hundredweight against 55,745,200 hundredweight in 1921. The total value of the potato crop is estimated at \$62,662,000, compared with \$50,226,000 last year, the average per hundredweight being \$1.06 against 90 cents in 1921.

### Bird Collector Murdered

New Guinea Savages Killed Victim and Ate the Body

George Penrose, an Australian bird collector, has been murdered by savages in New Guinea under dramatic circumstances. Hostile natives attacked and speared Penrose and two natives who were with him, and seven other members of the party were injured before they escaped. The attackers were from a strange tribe never before reported by white men. The savages promptly ate the bodies of the men they killed.

### Radium Brings High Prices

Czechoslovakia is one of the few countries in the world that produce radium. Twelve per cent. of the world's total, or 24 grams, has been mined there since 1918. The annual output now fluctuates between two and one-half and three grams, worth about \$350,000.

### Salmon Worth \$10,000,000

The total pack of canned salmon for British Columbia 1922 season will give the packers more than \$10,000,000, if all the cases are marketed at the ruling prices.

## Shown That High Grade Fuel Can Be Made By Briquetting Saskatchewan Lignite Coal

### Farmers Crop Profitable

Eight Per Cent. Cash Dividend Declared by Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Co.

An eight per cent. cash dividend was announced at the 13th annual general meeting of the Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Company recently. The financial report showed a net profit of \$142,212.25. Out of the net profit \$137,496 was taken for the dividend, \$152,358.27 was placed to the elevator reserve account and a similar amount to general reserve account, the former now standing at \$1,765,975.75, an increase of \$212,655.17, and the latter at \$1,123,414.70, an advance of \$152,258.25 over last year.

The company's assets are \$7,576,814.55; share capital subscribed \$3,878,500, of which \$1,710,952.50 is paid up. The company handled a total of 42,889,825 bushels of grain, as compared with 37,553,000 bushels the preceding year.

The company, which is a farmers' organization, has three subsidiary companies—the Saskatchewan Co-operative Export Company, James Stewart and Company, Ltd., and the James Stewart Grain Corporation, New York.

### No Hitch in Plans

Canadian National Offices Hotel Scribe for Affairs in Paris

Regarding assertions made recently in Canada that a hitch had occurred in the negotiations for acquisition by the Canadian National Railways of Hotel Scribe in Paris for office accommodations, the Canadian Press learns that there is no dissatisfaction whatever on the part of the railway officials in Paris. It has received itself into a question of leasing accommodation for 20 years, or buying.

The railway company was unable to rent space at the time under acceptable conditions, and consequently decided to buy.

For the convenience of the management the building is being incorporated under French company laws.

### The Future Citizens

Boys and Girls Who Have an Appreciation of the Value of Time and Money

The best citizens of the future, those who will be most competent to look out for themselves and to serve others, are the boys and girls who now have an appreciation of the value of time and money; whose taste for good reading has been cultivated; who are taught the resources of the public library; who have been shown how to discriminate in associations, and whose championships have been carefully directed by discerning parents; whose taste for entertainment has not been suppressed, but gratified along wholesome lines.—Kansas City Times.

Deaths from lack of food in Berlin during 1922 and the first ten months of the present year numbered 195, according to official statistics.

### Start Butterfly Farm

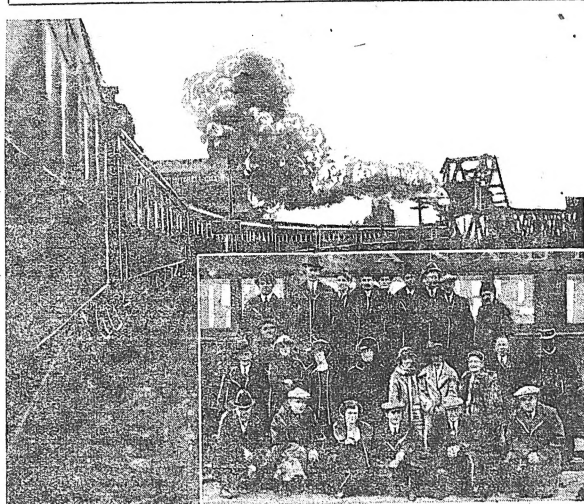
Beautiful butterflies in great variety were released in London parks last year as an added attraction for visitors. The innovation was so much appreciated that a butterfly farm is to be established near the British capital, with the object of supplying them to parks in the summer time. It is said that twenty thousand were released in the various London parks last summer, and that forty thousand chrysalises are under cultivation at the "farm" at this time.

Novely two hundred golf courses are now available for winter play in the south, including the Pacific coast, and most of them are 18-hole courses, with grass greens. The south has 102 courses on which tourists may play for a nominal fee, while the far west as nearly as many. California leads the semi-tropical states with 28, while Florida has 25.

Plans for aeroplane mail service from the terminals of the government railway at Nainina, Alaska, to Fairbanks, are being made by the U.S. post office department. The service, replacing dog teams and railroad delivery, will reduce the time of delivery from twenty days to four hours, he said.

The late Andrew Bonar Law, in addition to his real estate, left a personal estate valued for probate in London at £51,297.

## CHRISTMAS AMID OLD HOMELAND SCENES



The second Canadian National Railways train leaving Winnipeg for Halifax to connect with steamships sailing for United Kingdom port. Several hundred Western Canadians took advantage of the special rates and special trains arranged by the Canadian National, which allowed them to leave Winnipeg as late as December 11 and yet reach Britain in time for Christmas. This is a group of Edmonton people aboard the second tourist special.





## DOMINION MAY BE AFFECTED BY U.S. QUOTA LAWS

Ottawa.—Officials of the federal immigration department are not inclined to believe that the United States Government will extend its quota regulations to include Canadians. It was learned here, when dispatches suggesting the possibility of such a change in American immigration laws were drawn to their attention.

Canadian immigration authorities say they are anxious to co-operate with the United States in the enforcement of that country's quota laws, but they point out that the machinery to accomplish such an arrangement must be provided by the republic. The idea that in order to do this Canadians should be partially barred is considered unreasonable. One official who has given considerable thought to the question suggested that the United States Government might pass legislation making it illegal for immigrants entering Canada to proceed to the United States until they had resided in the Dominion for a stipulated number of years. This arrangement, it was pointed out, would overcome the difficulty complained of by United States immigration authorities, without imposing restrictions upon citizens of Canada wishing to enter the United States.

## Successful Radio Test

Trans-Atlantic Radio Proves to be Easy Experiment

Hartford, Conn.—The first stretch of the fourth trans-Atlantic amateur radio test series, organized by the American Radio Relay League, found hundreds of amateurs in the United States and Canada listening with utmost ease to transmitting stations in France, Great Britain and Holland. With a huge pile of letters and telegrams yet to be sorted and verified, the American Radio Relay League headquarters announced that a total of nine British, five French and two Dutch sending stations had been heard by American amateurs. The amateur farthest west to report an European station was Royal V. Hayward, of Oregon, who heard French 5 AB.

## Germany's Financial Situation

Reparations Commission Announces Enquiry to Commence January 14

Paris.—The Reparations Commission formally approved the nominations of the two expert committees who are to investigate Germany's financial situation. The first committee, that on the budget, will meet here January 14, and the second, which will consider German capital abroad, on January 21. One of the British nominations was changed, Sir Robert Kindersley, a director of the Bank of England, replacing Montague Norman, governor of the bank.

## FAVORS POLICY OF PROTECTION WITHIN EMPIRE

Quebec.—An echo of the Imperial Conference in London was heard at a Canadian Club luncheon at the Chateau Frontenac, when Right Hon. W. F. Massey, Premier of New Zealand, addressed the combined membership of the Canadian and Rotary Clubs. Mr. Massey, always an earnest advocate of preferential tariffs within the Empire, communicated some of his enthusiasm to his audience. At the conclusion of his address he was cheered to the echo.

Mr. Massey launched into a vigorous argument in favor of the policy of protection within the Empire. The mere fact that the premiers of the various countries comprising the British Empire had been able to get together and discuss questions of mutual interest was, in itself, an achievement. He referred to the fact that no decision of the Imperial Conference was binding on any one of the Dominions; each decision must be ratified by the nation concerned before it became law.

It was the aim, he said, of the majority of those at the Imperial Conference to bring into operation the principle of protection insofar as the Empire was concerned.

"I may as well tell now," he said, "that I am an out and out supporter of preference. True, we are not going into it hurriedly, but we have no doubt at all that the measure would be of great benefit to the Empire as a whole when it can be put into operation satisfactorily."

W. N. U. 1505

## Difficulties Are Great

Reunion of Anglican and Roman Catholic Churches Discussed in Britain

London.—The question of the reunion of the churches, especially the Anglican and Roman Catholic, which was advanced in resolutions at the famous Lambeth conference in 1929, has made only the smallest headway, according to a Christmas letter which the Archbishop of Canterbury has issued to the dignitaries of the Anglican communion.

Reviewing all that has happened since that conference, the archbishop disclosed that three private conferences have since been held at Balmes, initiated by Cardinal Mercier and some few Anglicans, with the object of discussing the outstanding and familiar barriers between the Church of England and the Church of Rome.

The third of these essentially private and unofficial conferences was held only a few weeks ago. The archbishop explains that the conferences cannot properly be described as negotiations, as the Anglicans participating were in no sense delegates of the whole church. The movement has merely sought to effect some resuscitation of controversial questions and elucidation of its principles. He believes that further conversations must follow, but, in conclusion, says:

"The difficulties are immense; you know them as clearly as I do. They may prove for some time to come insuperable. But may plant and Apollo water, it is God who gives the increase."

## To Disseminate

Religious Teachings

Pope's Voice May Soon Be Conveyed By Radio

Chicago.—To disseminate more widely the religious teachings of the Christian churches, radio broadcasting is soon to be undertaken by many of the larger denominations, according to an article in the forthcoming issue of the Radio Digest. The magazine set out that active steps already have been taken by several Christian churches to utilize radio communication as a means of reaching the millions.

"The Vatican will, in a few months, adopt radio to spread the word of the Pope to millions of persons over the world," the article declares. "Due to efforts of a company headed by Guglielmo Marconi, radio inventor, a broadcasting station may soon be operated in the Vatican. By this means, Rome will be enabled to transmit the voice of the Holy Father to almost every land."

"Of similar magnitude is the probable case of Protestant churches, particularly in the United States," the writer continues. "During the last few years the churches of Protestant denominations in this country have considered the practicability of radio as a means of spiritual regeneration."

## U.S. Meat Production

Greatest in History According to Statement of American Meat Packers

Washington.—Production of meat in the United States this year was the greatest in history, exceeding last year's figures by one and a half billion pounds, according to the Institute of American Meat Packers. A big jump in pork production was largely responsible for the increase, ten million more hogs being bought by the packers than in 1922.

Wholesale meat prices, it was asserted, were the lowest of a decade or more. Declines from peak prices ranged from 20 per cent. to more than 70 per cent.

For Control of Movies

New York.—Religious and civic organizations will be asked to join with officials of the Presbyterian Church in a congress, to be held at Washington, February 13 and 14, to plan a campaign for national legislation to bring all modern picture exhibitions under Federal control, it was announced here.

Ontario Farmers Favor Dairying

Toronto.—Farmers entered the last week of 1923 with plowing and other fall work well in advance of the ordinary, declares the report of the Ontario Department of Agriculture.

Reports from many counties would indicate that dairying is a stronger line of farming this year than ever before.

Edmonton Chinese Protest

Edmonton.—Members of the "Chinese National League" in Edmonton, which includes practically all the local Chinese, are protesting against the demonstration of allied warships at Canton, where the customs houses have been protected by marines from ships of several of the nations.

## Will Erect Statue

To Soldier M.P.

Ottawa.—Preparations are being made for the erection of a life-size statue in the corridor of the House of Commons of the late Lieut.-Colonel G. H. Baker, M.P. for Bromie. Col. Baker had the distinction of being the only Member of Parliament killed in action during the war, although several of them were on service, and Lieut.-Col. Sam Sharpe's death was the result of it. The statue, which is in bronze and very life-like, has arrived in Ottawa from the sculptor, and the unveiling will take place with appropriate ceremony during the coming session.

## Sales Tax Changes

Possibility that Some Changes in the Act May Be Made Soon

Ottawa.—While the Sales Tax comes into operation, and will not be suspended as has been made clear, it is anticipated that several changes will be made and announced soon. An examination of the act discloses that wide powers are conveyed to the government, not only to exempt commodities from the tax, but as well to make regulations and to determine the value of articles for the purpose of the tax. Changes in the inventory system are also likely. It is expected that newspaper may be modified to the existing rate. American papers pay no tax on newspaper although most of it comes from Canada, whereas, under the new act, the tax here is raised to six per cent.

## U.S. Fleet Hampered

Complaints of Inefficiency of Personnel Made by Chief of Naval Operations

Washington.—Operations of the U.S. fleet during the last fiscal year was "seriously hampered by the inefficiency of the allowed personnel," Admiral R. E. Coontz, chief of naval operations during that period, declared in his annual report. The necessity of finding crews for several new light cruisers during the year, he added, required cutting down of complements at submarine bases and elsewhere to a point that meant a loss of efficiency.

Volcano Active in California

Sacramento, Calif.—Lassen Peak, the only active volcano in continental United States, has broken out in eruption according to a dispatch from Reading, Calif. The eruption is the largest in years, as measured by the volume of smoke emitted.

Vancouver Chief Hurt

Vancouver.—Chief of Police William Anderson was injured when his automobile crashed into a street car when the steering gear developed a defect. He was taken to the hospital suffering from serious cuts and bruises to the head and body.

Cut in Rail Labor Wages

Brantford, Ont.—It is announced that on Canadian National Railway lines in the future, day laborers will be paid \$2 a day, or 25 cents an hour. The new scale represents a reduction of 15 cents an hour, the former minimum wage having been 35 cents.

## WESTERN EDITORS



W. J. Watson, Secretary-Treasurer and Business Manager of The Daily Herald, Calgary, Alta.

## VENEZUELOS MAY INSIST UPON THE RETURN OF KING

Athens.—The Athens newspapers devote large portions of their space to portraits of M. Venizelos and particulars of the successful effort to have him return to Greece.

The republican papers, while not desiring to minimize the importance of the event, take care to point out that the former premier's sojourn here will only be temporary, and proceed to reveal their fears that Venizelos may insist upon return of the king in order to gain the support of the royalists to his programme.

To Democrats, mouthpiece of the republicans, declares that Venizelos will be made to realize that efforts towards a restoration of the dynasty and the prevention of constitutional changes will be futile.

The anti-Venizelos sentiment is summed up by the Chorra as follows: "Partisans of Venizelos are borrowing the same shouts of joy which signalled the legal and honest return of Constantine, but Venizelos is not returning as Victor. His electoral victory is false and non-existent. The people are wearied through the hatred engendered by him."

The Liberals naturally hail the return of Venizelos, while the revolutionary government's organ, Eleftheros Logos, expresses the hope of Venizelos eventually being persuaded to become the next premier. It declares he cannot regulate the situation unless he personally directs the government.

C.P.R. Official Dead

Montreal.—Rufus Gardner Chamberlain, 60, chief of the department of investigation of the Canadian Pacific Railway, died at the Royal Victoria Hospital after a brief illness.

Fresh Maple Syrup

Brockville, Ont.—Fresh maple syrup made from sap gathered in his sugar bush three days previously, formed part of the Christmas Day menu of a Greenville county farmer.

## Increase Shown In Lake Grain Shipments

Winnipeg.—An increase of 23,769,976 bushels is shown in the total lake shipments of grain from September 1 to December 14, according to official grain movement figures for that period received here by the Canadian National Railways. A total of 210,658,222 bushels of grain moved by water from the Canadian head of the lakes to Eastern Canada, and United States and Europe, as against 136,283,316 bushels in the same period of 1922.

## U.S. Living Costs Lower

But Are Still High Above the Pre-War Averages

Washington.—The cost of living in the United States was one-fifth lower in September this year than it was in June, 1920, when the highest point in living costs since 1913 was reached. A decrease of 20.5 per cent. in the total cost of living in the United States, as determined by a consolidation of the figures for 32 specified cities, is shown in an announcement issued by the bureau of statistics.

The cost of living, however, was almost three-quarters more than the 1913 average, September costs showing a 72.1 per cent. increase over the pre-war average.

In the total cost of living, the bureau apportioned 33.2 per cent. of the total expenditures for food, 16.5 per cent. for clothing, 14.1 per cent. for housing, 5.3 for fuel and lighting, 5.1 per cent. for furniture and furnishings, and 21.2 per cent. for miscellaneous.

## Opening Of Parliament

Announced that Session Will Likely Open Early in February

Ottawa.—Announcement of the opening of the parliamentary session will be made soon. It will be called the first part of February. Two dates under consideration are the seventh and fourteenth of that month. If the business can be got in readiness the earlier date will probably be selected. Estimates are now in preparation and the cabinet will take up, in the intervening weeks, the legislative programme. The session is likely to be more notable for its political situation and the controversial issues that will come up incidentally, than for any pretensions legislative programme, although the latter will be considerable.

For World Peace

Boston, Mass.—If the people of the United States approve the plans selected by the jury of the \$100,000 American peace award, created by Edward W. Bok, the latter will take a second step toward the advancement of world peace with a far wider scope and interest and an award larger and more important in every respect. Mr. Bok announced. He gave no hint as to the nature of his second step.

Wolves Invade Italian Villages

Naples.—Wolves, driven from the mountains by the exceedingly cold weather, have invaded some of the villages surrounding Naples. Several of the beasts entered houses on the outskirts of the city, but were beaten off with poles. They then invaded several barns, killing goats.

## TURN OF TIDE IN AGRICULTURE HAS NOW SET IN

Washington.—Unrestricted operation of economic laws in course of time will bring about better conditions for those who farm, Secretary Wallace, of the Department of Agriculture, told the American Farm Economic Association which met here.

"The laws are at work," declared Mr. Wallace. "They are driving people from the farms, and will continue to do so until farm production is reduced to a point where the demand for food will compel a fair price. They are compelling farmers who manage to hold on to follow methods of farming which deplete the fertility of the soil and permit their buildings and equipment to deteriorate at a rapid rate. They are reducing the standard of living in the farm home, compelling hard labor by the farm mother, depriving the farm children of their rightful educational and social opportunities, and creating in them a hatred of farm life, which will compel them to leave the farms at the first opportunity."

The turn of the tide in agriculture has come in the United States, the secretary said, but for a considerable time at least the farmer must look for his financial reward, not in the increased value of his land, but by average annual profits from production. After many years, he declared, the consuming population of the country will use as much as is now produced, and from time on the problem will be to increase production on a basis which will feed the people at a reasonable price and give the producer a fair return on his capital and a fair wage for his labor.

## Prisoners In Germany

Two Belgian Soldiers Claim they Have Been Interred Since 1917

Brussels.—The Government has requested the Belgian Embassy in Berlin to make a thorough investigation of the story told by two Belgian soldiers who arrived in Brussels, saying they had been interred in Germany since they were taken prisoner in 1917. One of them declared he had been working on a farm, under close guard, and said he knew of 36 more Belgian soldiers, captured during the war, who still were held prisoner in Germany. Should the story prove to be true the Government intends to protest energetically to Germany.

Cattle Pest In Australia

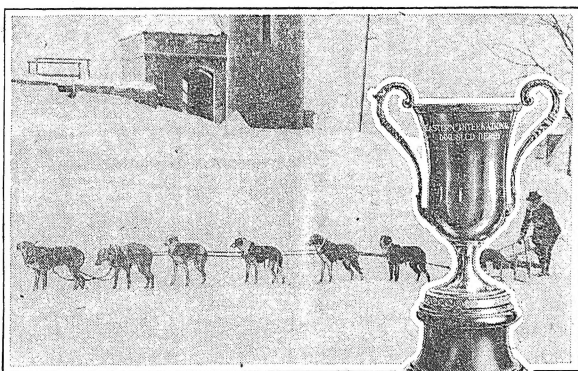
Melbourne, Australia.—Cattle, pigs and goats are being slaughtered wholesale in the areas affected by the rinderpest in Western Australia. Liberal compensation is being paid the owners of animals which are being killed to prevent the widespread, a violent contagious disease of the pneumo-cystic type, the compensation being contributed equally by the federal and Western Australian authorities.

## SETTLERS MAY ARRIVE FROM SUNNY ITALY

St. John, N.B.—That Premier Mussolini of Italy is greatly interested in Canada was shown in a message through here by Captain G. Franci, who arrived on the Canadian Pacific S.S. Minnedosa. Captain Franci has come to Canada to ascertain just what opportunities exist for Italian immigration, and with this object in view, will take up the matter with Col. Dennis, of the C.P.R. immigration department, Ottawa, and other officials. He had been in France, where he was looking after the interests of Italian immigrants. He explained that there are a lot of good farmers in Italy who are anxious to come to this country, and who prefer working on the land, as they have been accustomed to that line of work all their lives.

In addition, he said that Premier Mussolini is interested in the welfare of his people and considers that there are golden opportunities for some of them in this country. At the present time conditions are none too good in Italy, and it is felt that they would be able to better themselves by coming to Canada. Captain Franci pointed out that the class of men desiring to come here are of the best, and are all skilled in farming. He considers that they would make valuable citizens and would do much towards developing the vast tracts of land in the western provinces. If his negotiations are successful, he said, that he would arrange to have a number of his people brought here during the next few months, so that they could familiarize themselves with conditions and be ready to make a start in the spring.

## Ten Teams to Try for Trophy



Jean Lebel with his team at Quebec. (Inset) The Dog-sled Derby Trophy

Great interest is being manifested in the International Dog Derby to be run at Quebec during the Winter Carnival in February next. At present ten entries have been received and others are expected from the north shore of the St. Lawrence and from the Abitibi mining district. As navigation will soon close, it will be necessary for entries from the latter district to mush 400 miles to reach Quebec. The Northwestern Alaska Chamber of Commerce is keenly interested in the race and is now considering the possibility of entering a team to represent Alaska.

If this can be arranged, the Quebec event will be the greatest dog classic in the history of the continent. Jean Lebel, winner of last year's race and driver of one of the two teams to be entered this year by the Brown Corporation, had the misfortune to lose his leader which was run over by an automobile recently, but he has another young dog already trained to replace it, and although he thinks the race will be hard fought, he is confident that his team will again finish in the lead.

## FAMOUS DYKED LANDS OF THE MARITIME

Barricades in Existence for 200 Years  
Keep Back Bay of Fundy Tides From Hay Lands

One of the most interesting as well as one of the historic sights of the Maritime Provinces—one that is also a source of large revenue—is the dyke lands, or what are known locally as the hay marshes. These marsh lands extend around the head of the Bay of Fundy, in Cumberland, Colchester, Hants, Kings and Annapolis counties of Nova Scotia, and in Westmorland and Albert counties of New Brunswick. While the term marsh lands is applied to these low lying areas, they are far from being what the name implies. Looking at them from an airplane they bear the appearance of great flat stretches of purple lands of meadows, covered with rich grass, while almost as far as the eye can reach impenetrable hay boms and hay stacks dot the landscape.

The marshes have been brought into existence by the extraordinary power of the tide of the Bay of Fundy, where is sometimes a difference of sixty feet between the level of the water at high and low tide. Large areas were therefore subjected to inundation at periods of high tide. The early French settlers built dykes to keep out the tide from these lands, and the areas thus reclaimed from a vast natural meadow of approximately 2,000 acres in extent. This marsh land retains its fertility in a marvellous way, producing hay crops averaging from two to three tons per acre. When the soil appears to be deteriorating it is only necessary to open the dykes, allow the tide to flood the land again, close the dykes and resume cropping the land. The power when it is necessary to open the dykes for removal purposes are widely separated, some of those familiar with conditions giving fifty years as the interval between floodings.

The grasses which grow upon the better parts of the dyked lands are the English hay grasses, of a superior quality. But one crop of hay per year is taken off the land, but farmers find in the marshes after having excellent forage for their cattle. No fertilizers of any kind are used upon the marsh land, and the only cultivation consists in an occasional plowing, on an average once in ten or fifteen years, when a single crop of oats is sown, followed at once by a hay crop. An extensive market exists for the hay grown on the Bay of Fundy marshes, and at good prices. Large quantities are shipped to the West Indies, Newfoundland, Boston and other New England cities. During the war enormous quantities were supplied to Great Britain and France.

To the inland Canadian, unused to the ocean tides, these dyked lands, or hay marshes, present a fascinating appearance. Astonished as they are to see slight variations in the shoreline of lakes and rivers, it is hard to realize that but for the dykes these large areas would at high tide be covered with water. The value of the land, however, was readily appreciated by the original settlers, many of whom in their native lands had been compelled to battle against the encroachments of the sea. How well these early settlers did their work may be judged from the fact that at various points the original dykes are still in existence, after a period of close to two hundred years.

These famous dyked lands, are to day, as in the past, a great asset to the provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, and as they continue, decade after decade, to produce their hay crops for home and export consumption they bear testimony to the energy of the people who in the early part of the eighteenth century fought and won the battle with the sea for their possession.

### Back to Penny Post

New Zealand has received the well-deserved congratulations of the Chancellor of the Exchequer in Great Britain on having the privilege to be the first country within the British Dominions to return to penny postage after the raising of rates owing to war conditions.—*Australasian.*

### Won't They Be Glad

Mars is inhibited, Camille Flammarion assures us. Still, we shall be able to visit our celestial neighbors of the universe there until our aircraft are capable of a continuous flight of fifteen or twenty years, although we may try to broadcast the headline stories to them.—*Toronto Mail and Empire.*

### Paper Made From Grass

Savanna, a tall grass that grows in marshy places of Florida, is used for paper pulp.

It has been estimated that the increase of London's population during the last century was no less than 600,000.

W. N. C. 1935

## Vegetable Vitamins

Their Functions in the Diet Shown in Interesting Article

An especially interesting article on vegetable vitamins has been contributed by Mr. L. E. Burrows, secretary of the Canadian Horticultural Council, to the November-December Agricultural Gazette. The value of vegetables as a diet, physicians say, lies largely in the vitamins they contain, and these vitamins are necessary to life. The writer of the article goes into particulars of the vegetables that contain this element to the greatest extent.

Three distinct kinds of vitamins have been identified; they have been designated "A," "B," and "C." Vitamin A, we are told, is a mysterious element in food without which children cannot grow but which grown folks also need. Leafy plants are valuable foods in this respect, spinach and chard ranking first, lettuce next, and cabbage third. Tomatoes are rich in this vitamin and Hubbard squash is said to be a valuable source. Vitamin B is guardian of good digestion and proper functioning of the liver and other glands. Potato, sweet and white, contain appreciable amounts of this vitamin, but turnips and onions are better off. Beets, carrots, cabbage, spinach, lettuce and parsley also contain it, so do does the lovely dandelion. Most fruit juices and even nuts are said to possess appreciable amounts of this vitamin. Vitamin C prevents disease and promotes the general health. Lack of it, we are informed, gives the skin a bad color and makes the heart weak. Lemons, limes, oranges and fresh fruits seem to be beneficial in this respect. Again the tomato shows to advantage, its juice being regarded as equal to that of the orange. The Swedish turnip, or rutabaga, is also said as a source of vitamin C, as is also the carrot, particularly young carrots. Potatoes, onions, parsnips, rhubarb, lettuce, cauliflower, and cabbage may be counted in. Raw cabbage is said to be especially strong in this vitamin.

## Winter Quarters for Fowl

Should Guard Against Having the Hen House Too Warm

Considerable trouble among fowls is caused by trying to keep the hen house too warm in winter. The prevailing idea seems to be that the house should be warm, even if it is much worse for the house to be warm and damp than it is to be cold and dry. In the first place, there are the impurities in the air which tend to slow up or hinder the purification of the blood; in the second place, if the birds' feathers are wet due to the damp air they will feel the cold very much more severely. If you happen to get your hands wet or clothes wet on a cold winter day you feel the cold on a great deal more than if they are dry. Always keep the house dry even if it is necessary to have it cold. When you can arrange the ventilation so that the house is moderate in temperature and dry at the same time, you have provided ideal conditions for the birds. Apparently this dryness and moderate temperature should not be obtained through artificial heat, as artificial heated hen houses generally result in a rather high mortality and poor hatching quality of the eggs.

## Satisfactory Results Of Cow-Testing

Good Results Achieved at Quebec Agricultural School

The beneficial effect of cow-testing is abundantly shown by results achieved at the Oka, Que., Agricultural School. In 1929 the average production of 11 cows, Ayrshires and French-Canadians, was 6,775 lbs. milk, 25.7% fat, and 2.8% percentage. In 1932 the average production of 46 cows of the same breed was 8,961 lbs. milk, 2.6% fat, and 2.8% percentage. The average increase per cow in milk in three years was 2,185 lbs. In 1929 only eleven cows in the herd produced over 500 lbs. fat; in 1932, thirty cows exceeded this amount, or over 60 per cent of the animals in the herd. In Kent County, Ontario, by following the cow-testing method, cow tested by the Dominion Dairy and Cold Storage Branch, an average of 7,188 lbs. milk and 2,465 lbs. fat was increased to an average for eleven cows in the same three years to 10,225 lbs. milk and 2,464 lbs. fat, an increase per cow of 2,747 lbs. milk and 59 per cent. fat.

## The English Language

We reported the other day the bewilderment of an English critic over the following passage in a recent American novel: "On a flat car ahead a couple of hijackers were fishing a drifter." The Spokane Spokesman-Review makes light of his difficulty. The passage simply means, it says, that a train of strongmen were causing the train of a boat who had hopped the rattle.—*Boston Transcript.*

## For the "Last Minute" Golfer



Shown here is an excellent golfing costume for the cold weather, with comfort and smartness combined in a manner that is sure to please. The tan knitted suit, edged with variegated banding, sets off the new cap, imported from Italy, of tan and green felt.

## Gift For Alberta

University of Alberta Benefits By Rockefeller Foundation Disbursement

Appropriations totalling \$2,725,000 for the benefit of four medical schools were announced in a Rockefeller Foundation report, in which it was said the organization's commitments for the year 1931 already totalled \$10,500,000. A balance of less than \$1,000,000 remained available for 1931 appropriation from the regular income, the report added.

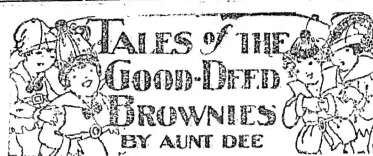
The newest appropriations included one for the University of Toronto medical school and \$500,000 for endowment of the medical school of the University of Alberta.

## Alberta Fisheries

McIntosh's Fish Company will employ one hundred men and from fifty to sixty teams this season in their fishing operations in Buffalo Lake, situated ninety miles east of Chebucto, N.S.

London's famous Tower bridge possesses a double set of hydraulic engines for raising and lowering the bascules. This is to avoid the risk of a breakdown.

When some people stand on their dignity it wobbles.



## Queen Loveliness Has a Birthday.

There was much excitement in the Good-Deed camp. Queen Loveliness was to have a birthday on Wednesday. Now whenever a queen of one of the Good-Deed camps had a birthday all her subjects entertained her. Sometimes they gave her a party and had a cake with candles; sometimes they gave an entertainment, and all the talented Brownies took part. Our little friends had decided to do both. Yes, indeed. They were not content with either a party or an entertainment. They wanted to show their dear queen how much they loved her and that no tribute was too great for them if it was the means of giving her pleasure.

It was really Happiness's idea. He and Contentment, Giggles, Laughter and Herbert Handy were sitting on the bank of the swimming pool making plans. Giggles thought a play would be nice. Of course, Laughter was all for a party with a nice big birthday cake.

"Let's have both," exclaimed Happiness, and the other four Brownies clapped their hands with joy at the suggestion. This meant that there would be a great deal of work for all the fellows before Wednesday, but Queen Loveliness had declared a week's holiday, for she knew it was the custom for the subjects to entertain their queen and she knew her dear Brownies would spare no pains to make the day a success. So no one was to give them plenty of time to make all the preparations the following week that whole week.

Happiness called a meeting immediately after they had decided to give a play and a party. All the little Brownies in the camp came to

## Ghost Haunts Famous

Kremlin at Moscow

Ivan the Terrible Said to be Wielding Axe Against Betrayers of Russia

The ghost of Ivan the Terrible is stalking through the corridors of the famous Kremlin at Moscow menacing the boldhearted guards and threatening to upset the Soviet Government. The one-time holy imperial Kremlin, now the official residence of Lenin, Trotsky and other members of the Soviet Government, is chiefly haunted by day and night, both inside and outside.

The Haverhill, semi-official Soviet newspaper, tells the story of a mysterious midnight killing of one of the Red guards on duty in the corridors and the wounding of another by the alleged ghost.

The soldier related that he clearly saw in the electric light the figure of an old man coming along the corridor carrying a hand battle axe, adding:

"When he was near me I suddenly recognized the figure and face of Ivan the Terrible just as he is pictured in many of the old paintings, with his long pointed beard, and his black hair covered with blood."

"The old man raised the axe and cried out, 'You have betrayed, sold and ruined Russia.' At that I became unconscious."

Soviet officials, believing that some monarchist had slipped into the Kremlin authorizing the Ivan makeup, have searched every nook and cranny of the vast palace, but have found nothing. The Haverhill declares that since the incident the guards in the Kremlin have been doubled.

## Protection Guaranteed

Canadian-United States Copyright Negotiation Are Now Completed

Hon. T. A. Lawrence, minister of trade and commerce, has announced that final arrangements have been completed for a reciprocal proclamation by the United States and Canadian governments, each guaranteeing protection to the other's citizens on the coming into force of the copyright act on January 1. This, the minister stated, brings to a successful conclusion negotiations which the Canadian Government has been carrying on for the last five months.

Iceland is using refrigeration this year for the first time in her history in the exportation of large quantities of mutton, formerly salted and barbeled.

If the time the air divers become numerous, it is to be hoped that the monkey wrenches and other tools will be equipped with parachutes.

It is against Meccan law and tradition for a Turkish woman to wear a hat.

## Forgetting the War

The War-Worn Bodies That Would Gladly Forget If They Could

"It is time we quit talking about the war. Let us forget it and go on with our business."

A western paper carried that in a report on an inspirational speech at some convention.

He's quite right—we should forget the war, but—

A man dropped in at the office yesterday, wore a returned button, wanted something to do. He lost his position when he went overseas, and never seems to have fitted in any plain shirt. He'd gladly forget the war, but he can't.

There are men, hundreds of them, who have not moved a limb for three, four, five years. There they lie, cramped and hunched, their poor war-worn bodies racked by pain. Would these men forget the war if they could?

All around, this town, the next, in the villages and in the country, there are homes that carry a loss that can't be forgotten. We imagine these people would be glad to wipe out the whole memory of suffering and go back to the days prior to war.

As a matter of fact just too many people have forgotten the war. They were not there; they were not hurt; they did not have to come back and try to find a new place in their old community when the old one they left had been closed to them.

If we were as good as our promises to these men when they went away, they would be no returned men out of work, nor would they be around trying to make a living selling silver polish and trinkets from door to door.

## Money As Waste Paper

Paper Making and Note Printing Two Biggest Industries in Germany

A correspondent asks how the German Government could make or buy paper, manufacture the plates (or set types), print off 120 billion marks in paper money, worth only a dollar in purchasing power, and then pay the cost of the labor and materials. It could not be done, of course, unless notes of vast denominations were printed. A trillion-mark note is now being issued, a trillion-mark note being a unit with 12 zeros annexed (1,000,000,000,000) in French and American notation, and 18 zeros in British notation.

Even with these astronomical figures the supply of money frequently falls behind the demand. Recent dispatches reported a currency famine which was paralyzing business. Yet twenty factories are occupied exclusively in turning out money for the Reichsbank, and 72 in all are engaged in the work. Business houses, public offices and banks take the paper currency away from the Reichsbank in exchange and truck loads, but still the money is for more paper, as the poor peasant in the east who lost an elephant on his hands cried for money. The result is that paper-making and note printing are the two hottest industries in Germany almost the only busy ones today. The Reichsbank of Dresden describes in The Maschinen-Gesellschaft one of the curbs of the situation. In a fortnight most of the notes become useless, prices having risen to such an extent that notes of a hundred times higher denomination must replace them. The peasant then buys them, paying more for them than their face value. 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**Crocus Lodge, No. 115, G.R.A.  
A. F. & A. M.**  
Meets at 8 p.m. the Wednesday or after the full moon.  
Visiting brethren cordially welcomed.

**M. L. CHAPMAN**  
W. M.  
**I. W. LAWRENCE,**  
Secretary

## J. L. CARTER Auctioneer

Is prepared to conduct all kinds of Auction Sales. Prices moderate.  
Dates can be made at the Advance Office, or at the Acadia Hotel CHINOOK.

**King Restaurant**  
Meals at all hours. All kinds of Tobacco, Candies and Soft Drinks  
Chinook Alta.

## At the Elevators

(Prices Paid Yesterday)	
Wheat	
1 Northern .....	76
2 Northern .....	73
3 Northern .....	68
Oats	
2 C.W. ....	26
3 C.W. ....	23
No. 1 Feed .....	
Barley	
3 Barley .....	42
4 Barley .....	42
Flax	
1 N.W. ....	1.85
2 C.W. ....	1.85
Rye	
2 Rye .....	50
Eggs .....	45
Butter .....	40

**FOR SALE**—Some pure bred Single Comb Rhode Island Red Roosters. Price \$1.50 each. H. H. George, Sec. 13-27-8, Collingwood.

**FOR SERVICE**—Pure bred York shire Boar. Price \$2.00 cash. C. P. Shields, Section 23-29-8, Chinook P.O.

**FOR SALE**—Four young Duroc Jersey Sows, weight about 250 lbs. live weight. Early April litter Will make fine brood sows. Apply W. H. Davis, 36-27-8, Collingwood.

**LOST**—On Saturday in Chinook a purse containing monies. Finder please return to the Chinook Advance Office and receive reward.

## FOR SALE

**One Set Sleighs  
One Set Harness**  
Or will trade for good milk cow.  
A. H. CLIPSHAM

**Mah Bros. Cafe**  
Regular first-class meals 40c  
Board and Room by the week very reasonable  
Short Orders at all hours  
Confectionery, Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobaccos  
Fresh Oysters, and Bread Soft Drinks

**J. S. Smith**  
The Wood-Work Repair Shop  
Furniture Repaired, Storm Doors and Windows Repaired, and Saws Sharpened.  
CHINOOK ALTA.

**M. L. CHAPMAN**  
Chinook, Alta.  
**GENERAL DRYING**  
All orders promptly attended to

## THE LAND TITLES ACT MORTGAGE SALE OF FARM PROPERTY

PURSUANT to the directions of the Registrar and by virtue of the powers of Sale provided by "The Land Titles Act" under a certain mortgage will be produced at the time of the sale, there will be offered for sale by public auction at the Acadia Hotel, in the Village of Chinook in the Province of Alberta, on Saturday the 26th day of January 1924, at the hour of 2:00 o'clock in the afternoon the following property, namely:

The West Half of Section Nine (9) in Township Twenty-seven (27) and Range Eight (8) West of the Fourth Meridian in Alberta, reserving unto the Crown all mines and minerals. Terms of sale to be twenty per cent. cash at the time of the sale and the balance according to the terms and conditions to be made known at the time of sale or upon application to the vendor's solicitors.

The above property will be offered for sale subject to a sealed reserved bid and free from all encumbrances, save taxes for the current year.

The vendor is informed that the above property is situated about 15 miles from Chinook on the C.N.R. and that there are situated thereon a dwelling house 16 ft. by 22 ft., a porch 8 ft. by 20 ft., a stable 16 ft. by 24 ft., a granary 12 ft. by 24 ft., a garage a hen house, and a pump house, also a good well and about 3 miles of barbed wire fencing on cedar posts and that about 200 acres have been brought under cultivation of which 40 acres were in crop and 160 acres summer-fallowed in 1923.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to L. E. Ormond, Barrister, Chinook, Alberta.

Dated this 11th day of December A.D. 1923.  
Approved  
"W. Forbes"  
Registrar

## MORTGAGE SALE OF FARM PROPERTY

By virtue of the Powers of Sale provided by "The Land Titles Act," there will be offered for sale by public auction at the Acadia Hotel, in the Town of Chinook, Alberta, on Saturday, January 19th, 1924 at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon

The North-East Quarter of Section Thirty-five (35), Township Twenty-Five (25), Range Eight (8), West of the Fourth Meridian, containing by admeasurement 160 acres more or less; reserving unto the Crown all mines and minerals.

Terms of Sale to be ten per cent. (10 per cent) cash at the time of the sale and the balance according to the terms and conditions to be made known at the time of sale or upon application to the Vendor's Solicitors. The above property will be offered for sale subject to a sealed reserved bid, and free from all encumbrances save taxes for the current year.

The Vendor is informed that the land is 2½ miles from Rearville; the soil is chocolate loam with clay subsoil. There is a dwelling house 20x24 with shingled roof, a stable with shingle roof 24x24 and a chicken house 12x16 on the land, of which fifty acres have been broken. The land is all fenced and cross fenced with two wires. There is a good well with pump and windmill.

For particulars and conditions of sale, apply to the Auctioneer, J. L. Carter, Chinook, Alberta, or to Woods, Sherry, Collison & Field, McLeod Building, Edmonton, Vendor's Solicitors.

Approved: W. Forbes, Registrar

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND CLAIMANTS

**In the Estate of Thomas Jarratt, Late of Rollinson, in the Province of Alberta, Deceased.**

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims on the estate of the said Thomas Jarratt, who died on the 2nd day of June, 1922, are required to file with the undersigned by the 10th day of February, 1924, a full statement, duly verified, of their claims and any securities held by them, and that after that date the administrator will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been filed or brought to his knowledge.

Dated this 9th day of January, 1924.  
L. E. ORMOND,  
Barrister, Chinook,  
Solicitor for the Administrator,  
Andrew Jarratt.

## SCHOOL BOARD MEET

On Saturday afternoon, December 29, the Trustees of the Chinook School met and after reading the minutes of the last meeting the following business was transacted:

The following were appointed van drivers for route No. 3, E. Russell for March 3 to March 14; W. A. Roseneau, from March 17 to April 4.

It was decided that after the first of April next the rate of pay for van drivers on Route No. 1, be \$6.00 per day.

That van drivers for Route No. 1, be as follows:

Geo. McDonald, January 3 to February 6; K. K. McDonald, February 7 to March 7; W. E. Bennett, March 10 to March 31. That van drivers for Route No. 2 be as follows:

P. Peterson, January 3 to January 18; L. Shabino, January 21 to February 20; E. Shabino, February 21 to March 7; J. Knudsen, March 10 to March 26.

That van drivers for Route No. 3 be as follows:

Jas. Young, April 7 to June 6; Mr. Young to make arrangements for van drivers from June 7 to June 30.

That van drivers for Route No. 6 be as follows:

Lawrence Bros., February 13 to April 17.

That van drivers for Route No. 5 be as follows:

F. E. Foster, January 3 to January 31; Neil McLean March 1 to April 30; N. F. Marcy, May 1 to May 31.

That van drivers for Route No. 7 be as follows:

H. Westphal, January 3 to January 31; N. D. Ross, February 1 to March 12; D. Gordon, March 13 to March 31; W. H. Short, April 1 to May 31.

The following accounts were passed for payment: Chinook Pharmacy, on account, \$9.35; J. S. Smith, repairs to vans, \$24.69; Chinook Advance, advertising, \$2.00; Cereal Recorder, \$5.00; Union Bank, Excise stamps, \$5.00; S. H. Smith, repairs to vans, \$27.25; Robinson Bros., on account, \$24.50; Imperial Lumber Co., \$11.50; W. E. Brownell, repairing vans, \$20.15; T. Langsford, \$6.20; F. E. Foster, repairing van, \$3.75; W. E. Brownell, repairing windings, \$34.45.

That the annual meeting be held in the school on Saturday, January 12 at 1:30 p.m.

O. Hinds went to Calgary on Tuesday with a shipment of hogs and cattle.

Mrs. (Dr.) Valentine entertained a few friends at cards on Saturday evening.

The Chinook school will start a beginners class in January. Any person wishing to start their children must do so before January 19.

Miss Whiteside, the teacher for grades III and IV, has returned to her duties in a much improved state of health.

## Ladies Card Club

The card club which was held at the home of Mrs. J. Massey on Tuesday evening, found Mrs. I. Deman with the highest score, and winning a hand painted nut bowl. Mrs. Wardlaw won the consolation, a Vanity Case.

The card club meets next Tuesday evening at the home of Mrs. Deman. This will be the first meeting of the 1924 card club.

## Alberta Legislature To Meet January 28

The Alberta legislature is called to meet on Monday, January 28. Proclamation to that effect has been made and official machinery is beginning to move in preparation for what is expected to be one of the most important sessions in the history of the province.

## Chinook District U.F.A. Rally

Chinook U.F.A. District Association held a rally in the School on Wednesday, January 2. The day was exceptionally cold and the severe weather prevented a large number of people from attending.

In the afternoon the meeting discussed in an informal way, a number of resolutions which will be presented to the Annual Convention of the Association.

Mr. D. Smith, of Avonlea Local, gave an instructive account of the activities of his Local in co-operative buying. During the course of the year they had made car lot purchases of commodities such as coal, lumber, binder twine etc., as well as smaller shipments of honey, fish, plow shares, amounting in all to slightly over 14,000 dollars. The saving worked out at about 23 per cent, making an individual gain according to business done, of from \$15 to \$50 per member. He pointed out the main features of co-operative buying together with the pitfalls, and strongly advised the Locals in Chinook district to go in for this business as a help to farmers in trying to solve problems of making expenses come within the range of income.

Mr. Farquhar, also of Avonlea, gave a most interesting and instructive address on Co operation the keynote of which was that true co-operation is not merely something leading to a material end, but is itself the outgrowth of a spiritual impulse. His address was much appreciated.

Mr. Proudfoot addressed the meeting, and answered questions until supper hour, when those present partook of refreshments. At 7:30 the meeting again dealt with co-operative buying, and at eight o'clock Mr. Gardiner was to address the meeting, but unfortunately Mr. Gardiner was not able to be present. Mr. Proudfoot was called upon to substitute and a real lively time was had, with the result that midnight arrived before the meeting broke up.

The District Board hopes that another Rally can be arranged before seeding.

## Local Items

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Glover entertained a few friends last Friday evening.

Mr. E. Brownell, who has been visiting his father at Grand Rapids Minn., returned last week.

Mr. R. Stewart and son Harold, who have been on a visit to the Coast, returned last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. McAllister are visitors in Calgary this week.

Rev. Mr. Harden will conduct service in the Union church on Sunday evening next at 7:30.

Mrs. L. Foster is visiting her mother in Calgary.

E. Deman left Sunday for Calgary where he will attend business college.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Jacques and son are visitors in Calgary this week.

Miss Linda Pihlaja and Mr. G. T. Galaran spent the week-end in Calgary visiting friends and relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. O. Hinds were dinner guests at home of Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Wardlaw on Tuesday.

## NEW ROAD PROGRAM

The Department of Public Works have prepared an extensive road program which will take at least five years to complete.

## Hardware Requirements

### Tools

We just have the right tools you need to repair your buildings and machinery.

### Flashlights

A pocket flashlight makes it easy for you to find your way in the dark. They are useful outside and the attic and in the cellar.

### FULL STOCK OF

Skates, Hockey Sticks, Foot Warmers, Gasoline Lamps, Paints, Oils and Polishes, Kitchen Ware, Stains, Ranges and Heaters.

### JUST ARRIVED

A LARGE SHIPMENT OF STOCK SALT

### AUTO TIRES, OILS and GREASES

## Banner Hardware

CHINOOK - ALBERTA

## Horse Blankets

Warm, strong and serviceable Horse Blankets made of jute, brown and white duck in medium and extra heavy weight, with 2 and 3 in. aurcingles, sizes 65x78, and 80x80.

## Overshoes, Rubbers, Mitts and Gloves

Repairing Neatly and Promptly Done  
**S. H. SMITH**  
Chinook Harness Shop

## Robinson Bros., General Blacksmiths

Horse-shoeing and General Wood Work Repairing  
We Set Your Tires Hot or Cold  
Chinook - Alta.

The program arranged will make provision for the improvement and development of the market road system as well as the highway system. Substantially increased provincial grants will be given to Municipal Districts for the purpose of improving their market roads and the District Engineers will be relieved of some of their present duties in order that they may devote more time to advising Municipal Councils on road building. The need for improving the market road system in the province is urgent in order to provide better facilities for marketing farm produce, but, unfortunately, this work has been delayed owing to the financial condition in which the present government found the province on assuming office. The Main Highway System will be brought up to a standard to be approved of by the Federal Highway Commission and will earn the Federal Aid Grant of 1½ million which will leave about 2 million dollars of an actual expenditure by the Province. The Province will apply for an extension of time on the Federal Aid Grant on the grounds that many of the roads which will be improved with this expenditure will be arteries feeding the National Parks, and improved roads will bring more revenue to the Parks Branch of the Federal Government. A great deal of the preliminary work incident to proper road construction has been done during the last two years with the result that engineering principles will be applied throughout the entire program. Gravel will be used in localities where deposits are suitably located to pay the interest on the bonds and create a sinking fund which will provide for the maturing bonds. At the expiry of fifteen years the provincial debt will not be increased as a result of the program now arranged. The Main Highway System will be brought up to a standard to be approved of by the Federal Highway Commission and will earn the Federal Aid Grant of 1½ million which will leave about 2 million dollars of an actual expenditure by the Province. The Province will apply for an extension of time on the Federal Aid Grant on the grounds that many of the roads which will be improved with this expenditure will be arteries feeding the National Parks, and improved roads will bring more revenue to the Parks Branch of the Federal Government. A great deal of the preliminary work incident to proper road construction has been done during the last two years with the result that engineering principles will be applied throughout the entire program. Gravel will be used in localities where deposits are suitably located